

## The Advertiser.

EDGEFIELD, S.C.

TUESDAY, MARCH 9, 1837.

A Committee of the Legislature of South Carolina has reported a series of Resolutions, in favor of a Southern Convention upon the Abolition question.

Our readers will see that the existence of "The United States Telegraph" has terminated. We most confess, that we feel reluctant to part with it, notwithstanding it is succeeded by a new paper, "the Reformer," conducted by its late able editor, Mr. Cradle. At the most eventful period of our country's history, the Telegraph bore a most distinguished part. Never was there a journal which advocated the true doctrine of liberty, with more zeal, spirit and ability. To the South, especially has it been a faithful friend, and to Gen. Gray, its founder, and so long its Editor, do we owe a large debt of gratitude.

### INDIAN HOSTILITIES.

We are sorry to say, that the intelligence, under this head, is unfavorable. In our last, we intimated the hope, that our Indian disturbances would ere this, be brought to a close. In this however, we were wrong; we were mistaken. When the people of Florida will be permitted to pursue their occupations peaceably and quietly, none can predict. The war has been prosecuted to an extent which has surprised all except the great Indian Captain himself. On the East of the St. Johns, the enemy, under Philip, is in greater force than we expected. If it be true, as now represented, that this bold and ferocious leader has 400 able Warriors, it may be, that he will be as hard to dislodge as Osceola.

The Creek too must still be regarded in an attitude of hostility, and we refer our readers to the last intelligence, which we have seen from that quarter.

The Cherokee Delegatiee has returned from its tour beyond the Mississippi, and expressed itself dissatisfied with the country allotted to them. It is said, that it will repair forthwith to the Great Father at Washington, to protest against the *inhumanity* of emigration.

**HORRID FATE OF AN EXPUNGER.** The Hero, Judith Dupa, of *miraculous* memory, has been exhumed by the Legislature of Maine. Now really, it seems hardy, that a poor fellow, who has proved himself a most willing and obedient tool in the hands of the Party, who wasted himself in proclaiming the glories of the great Chief, and consummated his folly by bearing his part in the late insurrections and scurvy proceedings of the *republic*, should so soon be driven from the field of his glory. Poor Judith! though bitter indeed his anguish, he is not without some consolation. No creature ever served his master more faithfully. Though his Senatorial career was short, he has the honor of having made some splendid discoveries. Others had sung before him, of Jackson's virtues and achievements, and had assigned him a high rank among the noble of the earth; but that he was "the greatest man that ever lived," "a *miraculous being*," were facts to be revealed alone by Judith Dupa! By the by, we think, that the Expungers, will one by one, receive their reward. The time is not far distant when the more decent friends of Jackson himself, will be ashamed of them; and if the old Hero has one-twentieth part of the elevation of sentiment which has been ascribed to him, now, that he has gone into the peaceful and quiet shades of the Hermitage, where he will be enabled to see things more as they are, he cannot but feel pity and contempt for all those, who, like Judith, have made him the object of their idolatry, and attempted to propitiate him by the most unusual offerings.

[Communicated.]

### Foreign.

From the N. Y. Daily Express, j.  
IMPORTANT FROM JAMAICA.

Kinston (Jan.) Jan. 21.

By this opportunity I enclose the official correspondence between Lord de Poincy, Minister of Foreign Affairs, and Mrs. A. T. Turner, Secretary of his Britannic Majesty at Court, through the Grabaudish wish to make it clear that Mr. Russell was in the wrong, yet the plain truth is this. — Mr. Poincy, who met with our Just Parades, with whom he is on good terms, is beginning to interfere with us, and with the intention of afterwards heading him with a stick. Russell had a sword, and in self defense inflicted a slight wound on Parades. He was immediately surrounded by a great number of Parades' friends and relations, and after being arrested, was shamefully beaten, and one Diaz, while the others were holding him, struck him on the head with a club, and nearly killed him. Russell, who put in a dungeon, and the house and parlors for the use of these cowardly rascals. Such is the account given me by an American gentleman who was at that time in India.

Now it appears that the British Government insist on satisfaction, and the Grandaids refused to give any. Orders in consequence were given by the commandant of H. M. Naval forces, for a general blockade of the port of New Granada. Altogether seven or eight vessels of war are before Santa Marta, Cartagena and Chiriqui, and one sailed this morning for Rio Hacha. The ports in the Pacific are also blockaded (Guayaquil and Panama).

Orders were sent to all, the men of war on the windward station to come down, and the Admiral, is expected every moment, and I can assure, these followers they will find it a bad joke with John Bull. This is not the first instance, where they have done wrong. In many other instances they

had insulted the French, Americans and other diplomatic agents.

After giving you an account of what is passing, allow me to say, I am anxious to you in this affair. If the Grandalians refuse to submit to make an amicable arrangement, or a portion of the English, our expedition will be fitted out against Cartagena, and, I suppose, every thing necessary is preparing. Be assured, that when once the British get hold of that important point they will not give it back again, and John Bull will have the glory of having cut the Carabian sounds tallied off for some years past.

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### LATEST FROM TEXAS.

Mobile, Feb. 22.

By the New Orleans *Bulletin* of Monday, we learn that dates to the 19th instant from Columbia had been received, there which bring intelligence of importance, except the resignation of Gen. Rush, of the State Secretoryship. Gen. J. P. Henderson had been appointed in his place. The health of Gen. Rush is said to have rendered this step necessary on his part. Col. Peter W. Grayson has been appointed Attorney General.

In reference to the Mexican forces and the prospects of another campaign in Texas, we make the following extract from the *Texas Telegraph*:

We learn from a gentleman who has just arrived from Bexar, that Mr. Navarro had reached that place a few days before he left. Mr. Navarro is represented as being decidedly friendly to our cause, and one whose statements are entitled to credit. He states that the Mexican forces destined for Texas, consisted of one thousand troops at Monterey, two thousand at Saltillo; two thousand at Matamoras, and about one hundred at Laredo, that they were in a state of insubordination, badly clothed, and worse fed, many of whom are in rags, and the remainder say, they will stay there and fight the Texans if they invade Mexico, but that they will not, nor cannot be forced into Texas. He further states, that Bravo had reached Saltillo to take the command, but finding the army in such a disorganized condition, and no money provided for them, he had returned to Mexico in disgust. Mr. Navarro thinks there is no danger of invasion this year.

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One female had a rope tied to her leg, which held him fast to the rigging, and another held firmly until, when crying, and thus broken, with the unseal of the sides just as we see children when crying. There was a brother and sister, dangled over the beach, looking in each other's arms, but they had been separated at the birth. All the men had their lips firmly compressed together, and with the most agonizing expressions on their countenances, that ever beheld.

A little girl had raised herself on upright, and thus was frozen, just in that position, days and nights, with the unseal of the sides just as we see children when crying. She was a revolutionist spirit abroad in the peninsula. The Mexican fleet consisting of four ships and two schooners, sailed from Vera Cruz 1st February to secure the coast, to intercept Santa Anna, if possible. One of the vessels that sailed in company with the fleet, was laden with arms and ammunition for the army at Matamoros. Gen. Torre is suffering in confinement, and is unable to tax an individual who furnishes the roads for it would be unjust to tax an individual who furnishes only one or two hands, as much as one who furnishes fifteen or twenty hands; and I am persuaded, that there are but few, very few, who are liable to road duty, even if they pay no general tax, who would not rather pay a small sum in the form of a tax, annually, for this exclusive purpose, than to be called out at any season of the year to perform the duty with his own hands.

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After the storm, the work was approached, and here and there were seen columns—pillars of ice—which had formed around the frozen bodies, as the sea broke over them.

A letter from Kingston, Jamaica, referring to the existing difficulties between Great Britain and New Granada, says:

"I advise not the least doubt that the British Government contemplates taking possession of Panama, and that they mean to keep it up to a certain captain. Why should they not? Did not the French take possession of Algeria for no less in their Consul? Can we do the same?" One regiment, and two or three small vessels of war are all we want! All the ports of New Granada are in a state of blockade.

**SOUTH CAROLINA.**  
EDGEFIELD DISTRICT.

Oswell Murphy, vs. John Hancock, and others.

It appears to my satisfaction, that Joseph Hancock and Mason Day and Susan his wife reside without the limits of the State, therefore, on motion of Wardlaw & Wardlaw, plaintiffs' solicitors, Ordered that the said defendants so residing out of the State, do plead, answer or defend to the complaint, &c. full & complete within three months from the publication of the roof, or the said bill will be taken pro confesso against them. J. TERRY, C. E. P.

Commissioner's Office, Edgefield, C. H., March 8, 1837.

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